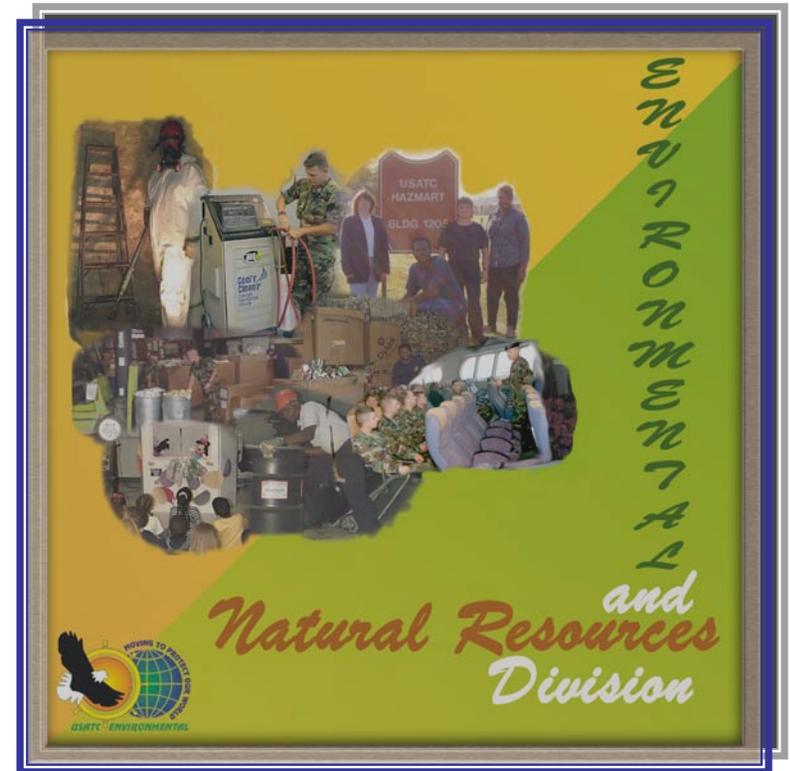
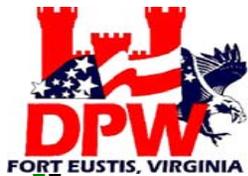


Environmental Management System



A Tool to Achieve Sustainability

DPW/ENRD Briefer:
Ms. Linda Rice



EMS AND INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT

Installation and Environmental Management are changing
IMA: Field Operating Agency (FOA) Of The Office Of The Assistant Chief
of Staff For Installation Management (ACSIM)

IMA GOALS:

- Manage installations equitably, effectively and efficiently
- Enable the well-being of the Army's people
- Provide sound stewardship of resources (Environment)
- Deliver superior mission support to all organizations
- Develop and sustain an innovative, team-spirited, highly capable, service-oriented workforce



INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT TODAY

“SUPPORTING & ENABLING MISSION CDRs”

Mission Commanders



- SMCs & MACOMs freed from installation management responsibilities to focus on training and warfighting missions
- Mission Commands entrust installations to IMA management/ stewardship of BASOPS resources



IT'S WORKING!

Garrison Commanders



- Garrison commanders in charge of installations and caring for people who live, work & play there
- IMA “stay home” team – proven readiness and well-being component
- PPPs/PSPs facilitate deployments and accommodate mass mobilization densities

FORT EUSTIS TODAY



- 
- Population: 34,805 people
 - Land Mass: 8,228 acres
 - Training Areas: 1,266 acres
 - Ranges: 175 acres
 - Airfield: 349 acres
 - Paved Roads: 101 miles
 - Rail: 23 miles
 - Pier: 1,000 feet
 - Troop Housing: 2,842 spaces
 - Family Housing: 952 units



FORT EUSTIS ANNUAL BUYING POWER

- Payroll: \$497.6 M
- Major Military Construction: \$144.0 M
- Utilities: \$ 11.0 M
- Commissary Local Purchase: \$ 26.0 M
- AAFES Local Purchases: \$ 3.0 M
- NAF Local Procurement: \$ 3.2 M



PRIVITIZATION INITIATIVES – NEW STAKEHOLDERS IN THE ENVIRONMENT



Residential Communities Initiative (RCI)

Utilities Privatization

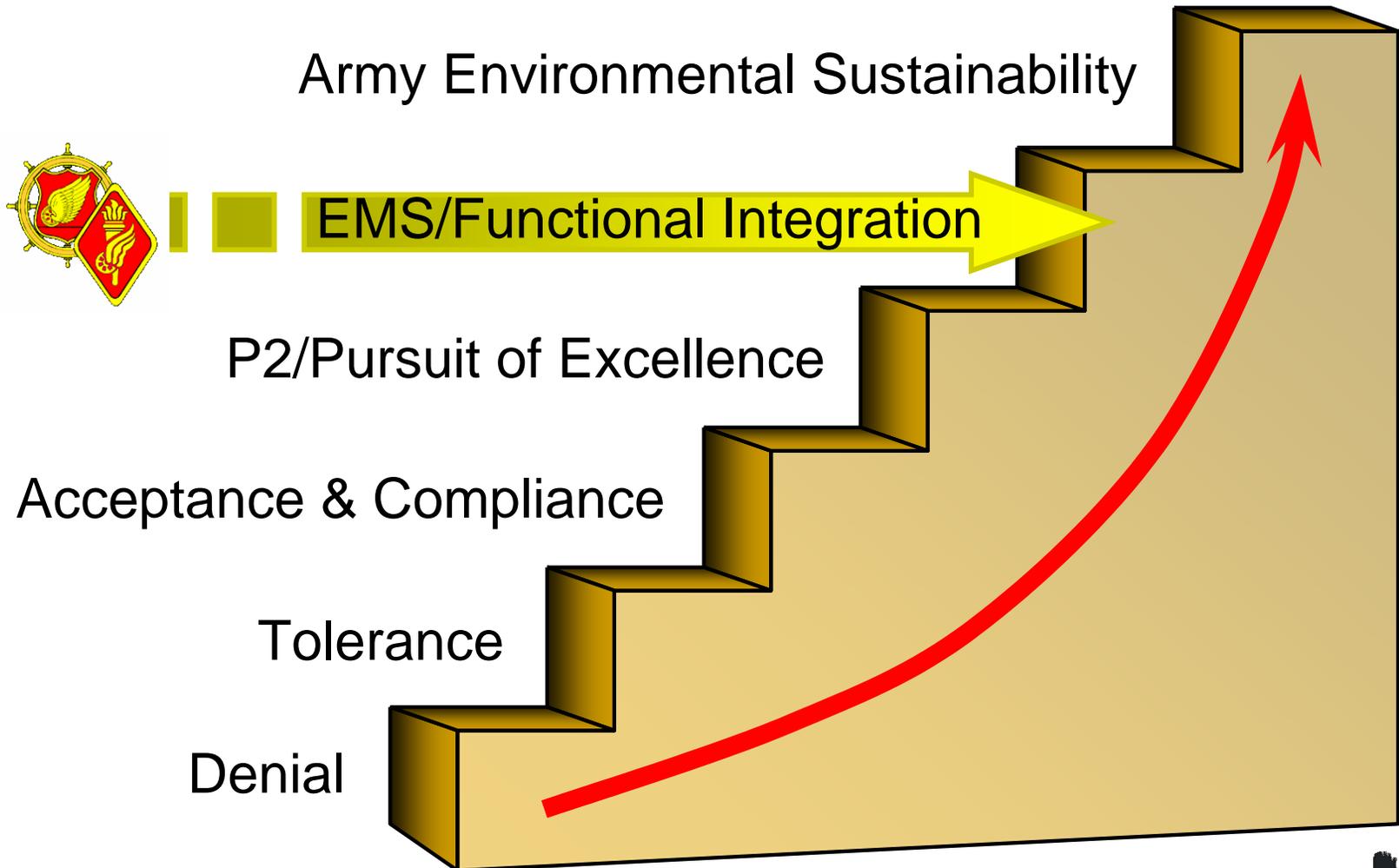
Energy Savings Performance Contracts (ESPC)

Whole Base Contracting

Municipal Services

Public-private Partnerships

EVOLUTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT





WHAT IS DIFFERENT ABOUT THIS APPROACH?

OLD

- Compliance Focus: Clean It Up!
- DPW-ENRD is Stakeholder
- Environmental Goals based on individual activity requirements w/o recognizing how they related to entire installation
- Environmental dollars pay for clean up and compliance

NEW

- EMS to Sustainable Installation: Integration of mission and environment
- Everyone is a Stakeholder (**EMPOWERMENT**)
- Environmental Goals linked to the overall sustainability of the installation
- Environmental Goals are set with the community
- Mission, BASOPs along w/environmental dollars pay for environmental components of activity's process



HOW WILL THIS APPROACH HELP ME?

- **Reduces regulatory burden**
 - VA DEQ provides more regulatory flexibility to activities with an EMS
- **Reduces O&M Costs – Possible targets**
 - Green building construction reduces energy usage costs
 - Water distribution system audits
 - Regular leak detection and repair to conserve water
 - Landscape plan by professional horticulturist
 - Selection of tree types and location to minimize potential for storm damage and other mission disruptions
- **Promotes Quality of Life**

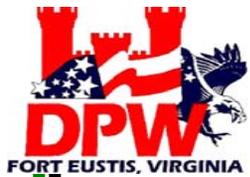
EMS LEADS TO A SUSTAINABLE INSTALLATION

Characteristics:

- Optimizes military training
- Provides for well-being of soldiers and families
- Is life-cycle cost effective to operate
- Minimizes environmental impacts to air, water, and land
- Systematically decreases its dependence on:
 - Fossil fuels and non-biodegradable and toxic compounds



SUPPORTS IMA GOALS !



WHAT IS “SUSTAINABILITY”?

Sustainability is a *philosophy and approach* for meeting the needs of the present community without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.



ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES AT FORT EUSTIS



- Water Quality and Use
- Energy Consumption
- Encroachment
- Loss of Habitat for Training
- Waste Generation
- Save Cultural Resources
- “Sick” Buildings
- Aging Infrastructure

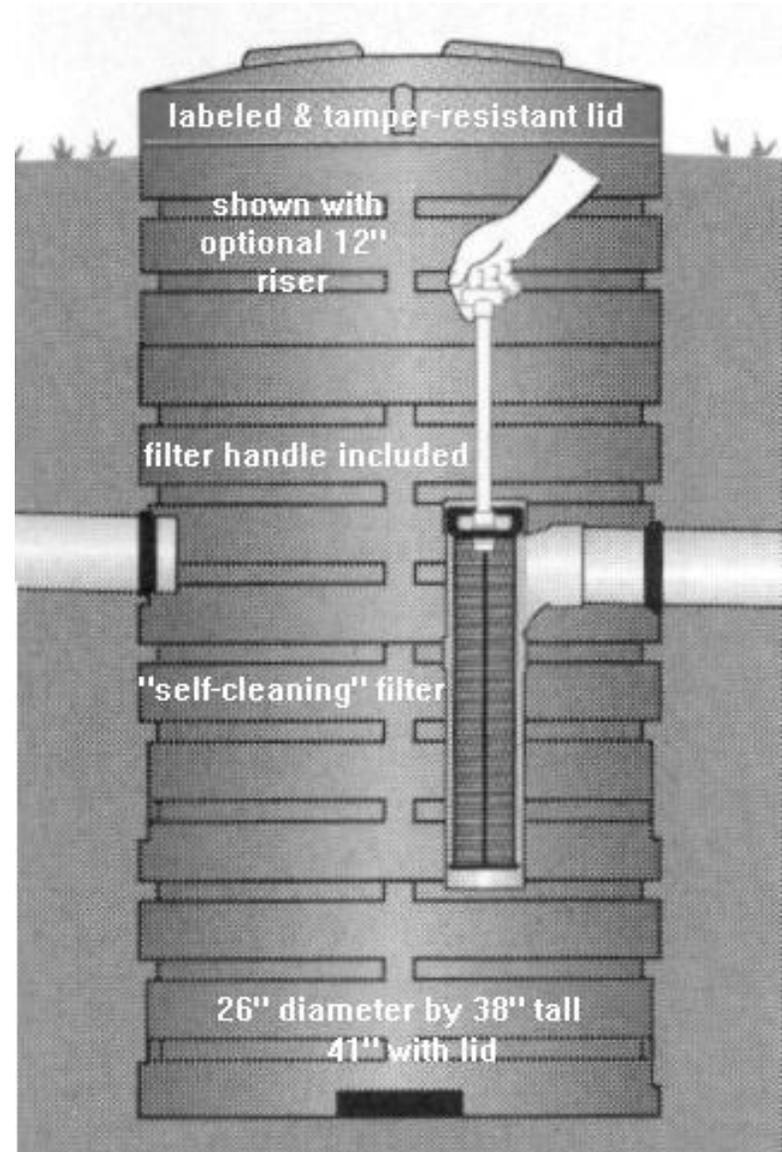


EMS At Work

Forscom Installations

Greywater Recycling

- Fort Carson saves 100 million gallons of potable water, by using greywater for their golf course.
- Can provide up to 70% of daily water needs of an individual residential home.
- Uses low-tech and cost-effective treatment systems, with natural bacteria and plants.





This unit examined a photovoltaic power station in a field and simulated field environment. This system, with some modifications, can be used to provide the primary power source for a Battalion sized Airborne Infantry Tactical Operation Center.

*From Analysis of Deployable
Applications of PV in Theater
(ADAPT)
Steve Siegel, Dec 00*



EMS At Work

Fort Eustis



EMS to SUSTAINABILITY WORKSHOPS FY 03-04

- Executive Level Overview (1.5 hrs) – 9 Dec 03
 - Participants: CG; GC Host; Commanders and Directors
- Installation Tour & Core Functional Area/Aspects Identification (1.5 days)
 - 21 & 22 Jan 04 (FE) Participants from Significant Installation and Tenant Activities: IPB Members, Mid-level Civilian Mgrs, Field Grade Military, CW3/4, E-8s/9s
- Identifying Significant Impacts (1 day) –
 - 26 Feb 04 (FE) Participants: Same as those attending Core Functional Areas session
- Goal Setting Workshop (1 day) –
 - 30 Mar 04 (FE) Participants: Same as those attending Significant Impacts session
 - GC assesses long and short term goals and makes recommendations; Technical review of goals by ENRD and prioritization by Command and EQCC
- Meetings of Cross Functional Teams (monthly) – Jun 04-outyears
 - 5-6 member teams will finalize and identify funding requirements associated with action plans
 - Provide quarterly status reports to EMS Coordinator and to EQCC

